Premise



Global Acknowledgment of AI Risks Fuels Calls for Regulation

Tracking Global Events | June 6, 2023

As Artificial Intelligence (AI) chatbots such as OpenAI's ChatGPT permeate daily life, policymakers and the public are beginning to discuss how they should be regulated. As AI tools become increasingly integrated into society, it is essential to recognize and assess the risks associated with their misuse. Bad actors can easily use AI to assist in deploying scams, phishing attacks, and other fraudulent activities. As a result, stakeholders from governments, private sector, and academia are engaging in discussions on ensuring the ethical and responsible development, deployment, and use of AI. Until a regulatory framework is finalized, governments are taking several different paths: Italy has temporarily banned AI tools such as ChatGPT, while India decided against regulating AI within the South Asian market in the short term. To better understand global sentiment surrounding the regulation of AI, Premise fielded a survey in Brazil, Italy, Kenya, Taiwan, the United States, and the United Kingdom.

Figure 1: Regulation of AI

- 54% believe in AI regulation
- 64% believe in AI regulation
- 66% believe in AI regulation
- 67% believe in AI regulation

United States

- Among US Contributors surveyed, 54% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about Al's effect on education, employment, and online safety, US Contributors are most concerned with the impact Al could have on online safety.

United Kingdom

- Among UK Contributors surveyed, 67% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about Al's effect on education, employment, and online safety, Brits are most concerned with the impact Al could have on online safety.

<u>Italy</u>

- Among Italian Contributors surveyed, 66% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about AI's effect on education, employment, and online safety, Italians are most concerned with the impact AI could have on online safety.

<u>Brazil</u>

- Among Brazilian Contributors surveyed, 64% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about Al's effect on education, employment, and online safety, Brazilians are most concerned with the effect Al could have on education.

Kenya

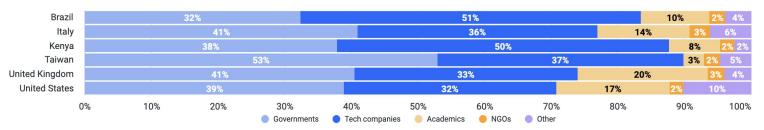
- Among Kenyan Contributors surveyed, 78% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about Al's effect on education, employment, and online safety, Kenyans are most concerned with the effect Al could have on online safety.

Taiwan

- Among Taiwanese Contributors surveyed, 54% believe there is an urgent need to regulate AI.
- When asked about Al's effect on education, employment, and online safety, Taiwanese are most concerned with the effect Al could have on online safety.

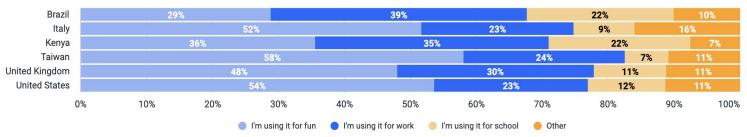
In recent months, there has been a surge in the number of politicians, academics, and industry experts advocating for AI regulation. However, the question of assigning responsibility for this crucial task remains unresolved. Across several countries, a significant number of respondents believe the government should take the lead on regulating AI: Taiwan (53%), Italy (41%), United Kingdom (41%), and United States (39%). However, a majority of Contributors from Brazil (51%) and Kenya (50%) believe that tech companies should bear the responsibility.

Figure 2: Who do you think should be responsible for regulating AI?



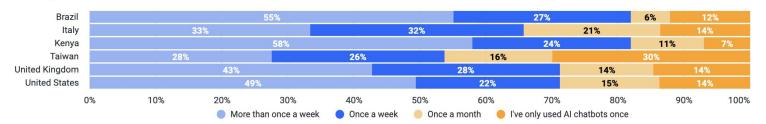
People worldwide are engaging with AI chatbots, not only for entertainment but also for practical purposes, including work-related tasks and academic assignments. **Brazil (39%), Kenya (35%), and the United Kingdom (30%) were found to have the highest percentage of Contributors using AI chatbots to assist with work-related tasks** (see Figure 3). Additionally, **Brazil (22%), Kenya (22%), and the United States (12%) have the highest percentages of students using AI chatbots in an academic setting.**

Figure 3: How are you using AI chatbots?



Since OpenAI released ChatGPT in November, several prominent organizations have launched their own AI chatbots. According to our Contributors, **ChatGPT remains the clear favorite across all countries:** 45% stated that ChatGPT is the only chatbot they've ever used, 45% also believe ChatGPT provides the highest quality of responses, and 34% feel ChatGPT is the most user-friendly. And as evidence of how AI is already embedded into daily life, **a majority of all respondents said they use AI chatbots at least once a week:** Brazil (82%), Kenya (82%), United States (71%), United Kingdom (71%), Italy (65%), and Taiwan (54%).

Figure 4: How frequently do you use AI chatbots?



Methodology

Premise conducted a comprehensive cross-cultural survey targeting Contributors from diverse regions of Brazil, Italy, Kenya, Taiwan, United States, and United Kingdom, to gather sentiment data regarding Artificial Intelligence. The survey collected sentiment data from a stratified sample of 3,002 adults, 500 from each country, nationally representative by age and gender.

Premise in Action

Premise offers a unique ability to quickly source information from real people on the ground in hard-to-reach places. Over five million people in over 140 countries are using the Premise app on their smartphones, enabling our customers to monitor a situation over time and employ a data-driven approach to timely decision-making. To learn more about Premise, watch our tech demo or get in touch with us.